**ANSWER KEY**

**Bài Tập Môn Anh Lớp 9 – HK I**

**Năm Học 2017 – 2018**

**Nội Dung**

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**UNIT 1: A VISIT FROM A PEN PAL**

**( AL)**

1. **LISTENING**
2. **MULTIPLE CHOICE**
3. The national language in Malaysia is ………………………….

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. Chinese | B. English | C. Tamil | **D. Bahasa Malaysia** |

1. Lan and Maryam ……………………………..at least once every two weeks

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. write | B. talk | **C. correspond** | D. speak |

1. English is a …………………………… second language in Malaysia

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. official | B. optional | C. primary | **D. compulsory** |

1. Malaysia consists ……………………………… two regions : West Malaysia and East Malaysia

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A. of** | B.on | C. in | D. by |

1. The Malaysian unit …………………….currency is the ringgit

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. to | B. on | C. in | **D. of** |

1. Although we are far away from each other, we still…………………………………

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. say hello | B. keep together | C. keep on | **D. keep in touch** |

1. It seems difficult for me to have a trip………………………………………..…at present.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A. abroad** | B. outside | C. above | D. inside |

1. Maryam often goes to the ………………………………to pray because her religion is Islam

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. church | B. pagoda | C. temple | **D. mosque** |

1. The United States has a …………………………………...of around 250 million

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A. population** | B. separation | C. addition, | D. introduction |

1. Buddhism is the official ……………………….……… of Thailand

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. region | **B. religion** | C. language | D. capital |

1. I rarely eat ice cream now but I ……………………….………..it when I was a child

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. eat | **B. used to eat** | C. am eating | D. get used to eating |

1. we can tell you that we often have a friendly….………………………… in our class.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A. atmosphere** | B. air | C. matter | D. impression |

1. The children were ……….……………………….into three groups.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. separated | **B. divided** | C. depended | D. added |

1. Lan enjoyed the peaceful atmosphere while Maryam ………………………..

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. pray | **B. was praying** | C. were praying | D. has prayed |

1. They haven’t seen each other, but they write to each other frequently. They are ……………… .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. writers | B. co-writer | C. paper pals | **D. pen pals** |

1. Churches, temples and pagodas are places of ………………………... .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. gossip | B. warship | **C. worship** | D. friendship |

1. English ……………………….. widely ………………………..in this country nowadays.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. is / speaking | **B is / spoken** | C. was / spoken | D. is / spoke |

1. People speak Malay, English, Chinese and Tamil ………………………...Malaysia.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A. in** | B on | C. at | D. from |

1. A: Do you live in a city?. B: ……………………….. .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A. Yes, I live in Manila** C. Yes, I do. I like it very much | B. Oh, yes, very much.D. No, I don’t like it |  |  |

1. A:“Pleased to meet you. Let me introduce myself, Im Linda”. B :” ………………………..“

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  A. How are you, Lindda |  | B. I see. Thanks, Linda |  |
| **C. Pleased to meet you, Linda** |  | D. Goodbye, Linda |
|  |  |  |

1. A:“Pleased to meet you. Let me introduce myself, I’m Linda”.

B :” ………………………..“

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  a. How are you, Linda |  | b. I see. Thanks, Linda |  |
|  **c. Pleased to meet you, Linda** |  | d. Goodbye, Linda |

22. A: Thank you very much. B: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

a. Welcome you!  b**. Don’t mention it**  c. That’s good!  d. Nothing impossible!

23. A: “I suggest we go on a picnic on the other side of the river.” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

a. It’s a nice day! b. Have a good trip.  **c. Great idea!** d. Congratulations!

24. A: “I wish I could visit your village again some day, Ba.” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

a. Too true! **b. You’re always welcome!** c. Yes, let’s! d. What a day!

25. A: “May I go out for just a while?”     B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

a. It’s a nice day!       b. That’s great!                    **c. Go ahead!**              d. Yes, you could!

**III. ERROR IDENTIFICATION**

1. George is not enough intelligent to pass this economics class without help.
**A**  B C D
2. Tet is a majority event in Vietnam because it is our traditional holiday.
**A**  B C D
3. We’ve correspondedwith each other for years but I’ve never meet him.
 A B C **D**
4. Tom wishhis neighbors didn’t make so much noise.
**A** B C D
5. Islamis the country’s official regionin Malaysia.
 A B **C** D

6. . The West and the East Malaysia are separateby about 640 km of the sea.
 A B **C**  D

 7. I feelreally tired. I wish I didn’t goto the party last night.

 A B **C** D

8. When I wason holiday last summer, I was going to the beach everyday.

 A B **C** D

9. The Chinesebuild the Great Wall over two thousand years ago.

 A **B** C D

10. We get used to live in the countryside before we movedto Ho Chi Minh City.

 A **B**  C D

11.Thank you for inviting me to the party. I wish I can but I can’t.
A B **C**  D

12. We have lived in Vietnam for a long time, so we used to the hot climate.
 A B C **D**

**IV. READING COMPREHENSION**

* ***Choose the word or phrase that best fits the blank space in the following passa*ges**.
1. Japan, an island nation in East Asia, has the total area about of 378,000 (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kilometers. Japan has a temperate, not tropical, (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with 4 distinct seasons. It is the world’s a ninth most crowded nation with a (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of about 128 million. The (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language is Japanese and Buddhism is dominant. The basic unit of currency of Japan is the yen.
The largest city in Japan is Tokyo, the national (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .Tokyo is also the center of government , business, manufacturing, education, and communication.
With a colorful culture. Every year, Japan attracts millions of (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ coming from all over the world.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 13.A. city | B. national | C. capital | **D. nation** |
| 14.A. considerate | B. generous | **C. humid** | D. blond |
| 15.A. were | **B. is** | C. are | D. was |
| **16.A. of** | B. on | C. over | D. in |
| 17.A. who | B. whom | C. it | **D. which** |
| 18.A. country | B. nation | **C. world** | D. capital |

1. Malaysia, one of the countries of ASEAN, is divided(1) .................... two regions:West Malaysia and East Malaysia. Malaysia enjoys tropical climate. Its basic unit of (2) .................... is ringgit. Kuala Lumpur is its capital. The country’s official (3).................... is Islam. In addition, there are other ones such as Buddhism and Hinduism. The national language is Bahasa Malaysia. It is also the(4) .................... language of instruction in all secondary schools. English, Chinese, and Tamil are (5).................... spoken. And English is a (6).................... second language.
1. a. in b. on c. from **d. into**
 2**. a. currency** b. region c. money d. climate
 3. a. language **b. religion** c. climate d. Territory

 4. a. international b. secondary **c. primary** d. religious
 5. **a. widely** b. peacefully c. officially d. friendly
 6. a. important **b. compulsory** c. optional d. Interesting

* ***Read the texts, then answer True or False.***
1. Singapore is an island city of about three million people. It’s a beautiful city with lots of parks and open spaces. It’s also a very clean city.

Most of the people live in high rise flats in different parts of the island. The business district is very modern with lots of high new office buildings. Singapore also has some nice older sections. In Chinatown, there are rows of old shop houses. The Government buildings in Singapore are very beautiful and date from the colonial days.

Singapore is famous for its shops and restaurants. There are many good shopping centers. Most of the prices are duty free. Singapore’s restaurants sell Chinese, Indian, Malay and European food, and the prices are quite reasonable.

1. The population of Singapore is about three million True
2. Most people live in the center of the island False
3. Singapore is well-known for its beautiful buildings False
4. We can eat only Chinese food in Singapore’s restaurants. False
5. Scotland is in the north of Great Britain. It is famous for its rich culture as well as its amazing natural beauty. Visitors to this land can spend endless days exploring its historic centuries – old castles. But be aware – legend says that some of them are haunted by ghosts. Fun-lovers can experience its world-famous festivals, the Highland Games where they can enjoy unique Scottish activities such as piping, drumming, and dancing. They can also see traditional sports, or drink whisky with the local people. Driving through green pastures, or boating on scenic lakes – or lochs – are other attractions that Scotland offers.

 The great people of this legendary land have also given many of the world’s important inventions like the telephone, the television, penicillin and the raincoat. Edinburgh, the capital, was the first city in the world to have its own fire brigade in 1824. Edinburgh University welcomed the first female medical student in Great Britain in 1869.

1. Scotland is famous for its rich culture and natural resources. FALSE

2. While you are exploring a castle, you might see some scary things made by ghosts. TRUE

3. Visitors can take part in traditional sports, or drink whisky with the local people. FALSE

4. The first fire brigade in the world was created 1824. TRUE

***♦ Read the passage, and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the question from 5 to 6***

1.Which is the best title of the paragraph ?

A. Interesting Activities in Scotland

B. Inventions From Scottish People

**C. Scotland – The Land of Legends**

D. The Haunted Castles in Scotland

2.What can be inferred about **the castles** from the passage ?

A. The world’s important inventions like the telephone, the television, penicillin and the raincoat were made in Scotland. **FACT, NOT INFERENCE**

B. the Highland Games where unique Scottish activities such as piping, drumming, and dancing happen are the **favorite** event. NO EVIDENCE SUPPORTED

C.Scotland which is in the north of Great Britain is famous for its rich culture. **FACT, NOT INFERENCE**

**D. There were no female students in medical school before 1869.**

**V. VERB FORMS - VERB TENSES**

1. I \_\_**haven’t heard**\_\_\_\_\_\_about her yet. I \_\_**haven’t seen**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her since last week. (not hear/ not see)
2. Come on, Bill. It’s time we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**caught\_**\_\_\_\_\_ the bus .(catch)
3. Ba wishes he \_\_\_\_\_**spoke\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_ French. (speak)
4. We wish English (be not) \_\_**weren‘t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** difficult
5. I can‘t sing English song well. I wish I \_\_\_**could sing**\_\_\_\_\_\_ them better. (can sing)
6. He used \_\_to drink\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ coffee for breakfast but now he drinks milk. (drink)
7. My aunt is a nurse. She gets used \_\_\_\_to working\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at night. ( work)
8. Tom has known Carol since they **\_\_\_\_were\_\_** ( be ) at the same class.
9. Yesterday I \_\_was watering\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the garden when it \_\_\_rained\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (water / rain)
10. My sister \_\_\_enjoys going\_\_\_\_ shopping in the supermarkets. (enjoy/ go)
11. Lan used \_\_\_\_to be taken\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school by her father when she was a little girl. (take)

**VI. WORD FORMS**

1. Mai goes to Church every Sunday. She is a \_\_\_\_**religious\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ girl. ( religion)

1. Maths and literature are \_\_\_\_**compulsory\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects for chidren in Vietnam . (compel)
2. The beauty of the city really \_\_\_\_\_\_impressed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her. ( impression)
3. We enjoyed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**peaceful\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** atmosphere in Hanoi. (peace)
4. He failed the test becuase he didn’t follow his teacher’s \_\_\_\_**instructions**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? ( instruct)
5. Many colorful flowers \_\_\_\_\_**beautified**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her birthday party last night. ( beauty)
6. Ba and Hung dance very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**beautifully\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . (beauty)
7. Robert is old enough to be \_\_\_\_\_**independent**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of his parents. (depend)
8. I don’t want to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**depend\_\_\_\_\_\_** too much on my parents. ( dependence)
9. Viet Nam gained its \_\_\_\_**independence\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** about 30 years ago. (depend)
10. Can I give you a \_\_\_**friendly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** word of advice? ( friend)
11. When you first meet her, she gives a strong impression of \_\_\_\_\_\_friendliness\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and warmth. (friend)

 **VII. TRANSFORMATION**

1. What a pity ! Mary isn’t fine this morning .
→ I wish Mary were fine this morning.
2. I’m sorry, I must leave now.
→ I wish I didn’t have to leave now.
3. Her brother lives very far from the office.
→ Her brother wishes he didn’t live very far from the office.
4. They swim very badly.
 → They wish They didn’t swim very badly.
5. Tom can’t play basketball because of heavy rain .
→ Tom wishes It didn’t rain heavily.
6. I’m sorry, I can’t help you to do the housework.
→ I wish I could help you to do the housework.
7. It’s a pity I didn’t meet my old classmates last Sunday.
→ I wish I had met my old classmates last Sunday.
8. The exercises are too difficult for him to do.
→ He wishes the exercises weren’t too difficult for him to do
9. I’m sorry my mother won’t come to your party tomorrow.
 → I wish my mother would come to your party tomorrow.
10. John would like to be a doctor when he grows up.
→ John wishes he would be a doctor when he grows up.
11. She never smiles at me.
→ I wish she smiled at me.
12. Marx often jogged when he was young.
 **→** Marx used **to jog when he was young**.
13. John smoked a lot a year ago, but he doesn’t smoke any more.
**→** John used **to smoke a lot a year ago.**
14. Dick once lived there.
**→** Dick used **to live there.**
15. I don’t find it difficult to get up early.
→ I’m used to getting up early.
16. They are accustomed to drinking coke.
→ They get used to drinking coke.
17. It’s time for us to come home.
→ It’s time we came home.
18. It’s time you began your work.
→ It’s time for you to begin your work.

**UNIT 2: CLOTHING**

**( LTK)**

**I. Listen**

**II. MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. Some designers have modernized the Ao dai by printing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on it.

**a. lines of poetry** b. words of poets

c. pictures of poems d. poetic photos

1. Designers made different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of jeans to match the 1960s fashions.

a. form b. appearance c. modals **d. styles**

1. Wearing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ helps students feel equal in many ways.

a. clothes b. ties c. jackets **d. uniforms**

1. I never go to any foreign country. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ abroad yet.

a.don’t go b. didn’t go c. have gone **d. haven’t gone**

1. The material, called jean, was named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sailors from Genoa.

a.as **b. after** c. to d. with

1. People like wearing jeans because the material doesn’t wear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ easily.

a.by b.away c.of **d.out**

1. Jeans have never been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fashion because a lot of people are still fond of wearing them.

a. out b. of **c. out of** d. on

1. Tan usually wears uniform at school. At home he wears \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clothes.

a. occasional b. formal **c. casual** d. casually

1. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, called jeans, was named after sailors from Genoa.

a. thing **b. material** c. substance d. element

1. Would you like to have some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on your dress, such as some stripes, crosses or stars…?

a. photos **b. designs** c. paints d. works

1. I prefer going by motorcycle to going by bus because it is more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a. convenient** b. inconvenient c. conveniently d. inconveniently

1. Some designers have taken \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Vietnam’s ethnic minorities.

a. inspire b. inspired c. inspiring **d. inspiration**

1. Famous designers started making their own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of jeans, with their own labels on them.

a. makes b. marks **c. styles** d. types

1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the same company since he left school.

**a. has worked** b. works c. worked d. is working

 15. Jeans are very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with young people all over the world.

 a. favorite b. suitable **c. popular** d. famous

**III. ERROR CORRECTION**

1. Five million bottle of champagnewill be produced in France next year.

 **a** b c d

1. A new style of jeans have just been introduced in the USA.

a **b** c d

1. Wearing uniforms encourages students to be proud about their school.

a b c **d**

1. In the 1970s more and more people started wearing jeans because it became cheaper.

a b  **c** d

1. The majority of Vietnamese people preferto wear modern clothing in work.

 a b c **d**

1. We have been friends since we areat university. Our friendship lasts long.

 a **b**  c d

1. They have printed lines of poetry in the Ao dai to make them look modern and fashionable.

a **b** c d

1. A new school is going to build the towncentre.

a **b**  c d

1. How many timehave you been there so far? Only twice.

 **a** b c d

1. He told them to obey the traffic rules whentravelledon the road.

 a b  **c** d

1. My parents were very strict. They wouldn’t let me to stay out late in the evenings.

 a b **c** d

1. I’ll help you, I’m sure you aren’tenough strong to lift it on your own.

 a b  **c**  d

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

*🞟 For centuries, Vietnamese Ao Dai has appeared in poetry, literature and music. Ao Dai is the dress of (1)* ……………..*. It consists of a long silk tunic that is slit on the sides and worn over loose pants. Vietnamese women usually wear it, (2)* …………….. *on special occasions. Fashion designers have gradually (3)* …………….. *the original Ao Dai. They have taken the inspiration from Vietnam’s ethnic minorities. Suns, stars, crosses and stripes have been added (4)* …………….. *Ao Dai. Lines of poetry are printed on the Ao Dai. It looks very (5)* …………….. *nowadays, so Vietnamese women continue to wear this unique dress (6)* …………….. *modern clothing is more convenient.*

1. A. amazement B. beauty C. **tradition** D. man

2. A. widely B. **especially** C. fortunately D. extensively

3. A. **changed** B. modify C. mentioned D. vary

4. A. on B. **to** C. from D. of

5. A. **stylish** B. modernly C. fashion D. nicely

6. A. if B. because C. and D. **though**

*🞟🞟🞟🞟🞟 Jeans are a type of trousers originating from Western countries, and one of the (1) …… of Western society in the 20th century. Specifically, they have been symbols of youth, protest, freedom (2) …… the individualism of all classes of people. These are the best costumes (3) …… are sold worldwide. Both genders and all social classes, from many cultures can wear jeans. (4) …… thick materials, jeans became companions of the workmen. In the early 20th century, Hollywood made a lot of cowboy-themed films, jeans became (5) …… costumes on screen, as well as in the United States. Today, jeans are improving on styles and colors (6) …… new fashion for everybody and they are loved more and more.*

1/ A. tradition B. hobby C. **symbols** D. clothes

2/ A. so B. **and**  C. but D. if

3/A. **which** B. what C. who D. why

4/ A For B. Of C. From D. **With**

5/ A. interested B. **popular** C. fashion D. style

6/ A. for moderning B. for matching C. to modernize D. **to match**

**V. Read the passage, then decided if the statements that follow are True or False:**

\* Jeans were made in Europe. The material, called jean was named after sailors from Genoa in Italy, because they wore clothes made from it. In the 18th century jean cloth was made completely from cotton and workers at that time loved wearing it because the material was very strong and it did wear out easily. Jeans have become more and more popular for years. Not only workers have worn jeans but a large of people -young and old alike-have enjoyed wearing jeans as well. People have made different styles of jeans to match the fashions in this century. Famous designers started making their own styles of jeans with own labels on their jeans so Jeans became high fashion clothing n the 1980s. Today people like wearing jeans, especially university and college students in the cities.

1. Seamen in Italy are dressed in jeans. **True**

2. Students seldom wear clothes made from jeans now. **False**

3. Old people only like wearing jeans. **False**

4. In the 1890s jeans were high fashion clothing. **False**

\*\*\* Ao Dai is a traditional dress in Vietnam. It's also a symbol of the Vietnamese feminine beauty, and the pride of the Vietnamese people. Whenever you hear about Vietnam, definitely you will hear about Ao Dai. Differently from kimono or hanbok, Ao Dai is worn in many occasions, not only traditional cases. It is used at work or at school as uniform. It is also worn to go out or to be in fashion shows. Especially in wedding, it is worn with a kind of hat. Ao Dai is a unique design which both respectful and charming. The material is silk, so the body is inside the soft material which makes women become more feminine.  The beauty of women dressed in “Ao Dai”always leaves a deep impression on foreign visitors to Vietnam. Girl students dressed in white long robes take to streets on the way to schools or back home, or gracefully sail on their bikes along streets seem very wonderful.

1. People over the world wear Ao Dai on many special occasions. **False**

2. When girl students wear Ao Dai, they look very beautiful. **True**

3. Traditional Ao Dai is not different from kimono or hanbok. **False**

4. The brides often have a kind of hat to go with Ao Dai. **True**

**V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.**

1. **Traditionally**, Ao Dai was frequently worn by both men and women. (tradition)

2. In the 18th century jean cloth was made **completely** from cotton. (complete)

3. My house is **convenient** near the bus stop. (convenience)

4. We have enjoyed The New Band, which consists of ten **musicians**. (music)

5. Our production must be **modernized** (modern)

6. Dreams are a rich source of **inspiration** for some writers. (inspire)

7. My teacher **encourages**me to take this examination. (courage)

8. It is **necessary** for secondary highs school students to wear uniforms. (need)

9. Tom carefully **clothed**himself in the local fashion when travelling around the world last year. (cloth)

10. The story is written in richly **poetic** language. (poem)

11. I made myself **comfortable**in big chair. (comfort)

12. People in the world always fight for **freedom.** (free)

**VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences.**

1. I **haven’t seen** Lan since last month. (not see)

2. The flowers **wrapped** in the yellow paper are five dollars. (wrap)

3. Why **did** he **leave** the party soon last night? (leave)

4. This is the first time he **has driven** this car. (drive)

5. Mary, who volunteered **to help** the disabled, was reserved. (help)
6. Peter didn’t live with his parents so he learnt **to look** after himself. (look)

7. I have a sister whose hobby is **painting**. (paint)

8. I found out where **to buy** fruit cheaply. (buy)

9. I used to **get** up early when I was young. (get)

10. She smelt something **burning** and saw smoke rising. (burn)

11. The rain has made the children **stop** their games. (stop)

12. You are **asked** several questions by Tom. (ask)

**VIII.Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.**

1. I visited London two years ago.

→It **is two years since I visited London**

2. She started to give up smoking last year.

→She has **given up smoking since last year**.

3. The last time I went to the concert was over a year.

→I haven’t **gone to the concert for over a year.**

4. It’s nearly twenty years since my father saw his brother.

→My father hasn’t **seen his brother for nearly twenty years.**

5. Lan didn’t meet her uncle a long time ago.

→Lan has **not met her uncle foe a long time.**

6. I last sang this song many years ago.

→I haven’t **sung this song for many years.**

7. When did you last ride a bike?

→How long is **it since you rode a bike?**

8. How long has he learnt French?

→How long ago **did he learn French?**

9. When did Mary start to listen to classical music?

→How long has **Mary listened to classical music?**

10. When was the last time you watched an action movie?

→When **did you last watch an action movie?**

11. They keep a large collection of books in the school library.

→A large collection of books **is kept in the school library.**

12. They’ll take you to the English Lake District.

→You’ll **be taken to the English Lake District.**

13. His friend found the most fashionable shops in Bond Street.

→The most fashionable shops **were found in Bond Street by his friend.**

14. The working people have considered May Day a great holiday.

→May Day **has been considered great holiday by the working people**.

15. They could see smoke rising up from cottages.

→Smoke **could be seen rising up from cottages.**

16. The farmer was feeding the ducks and hens when we came.

→The ducks and hens **were being fed by the farmer when we came.**

17. Now my sister is reading picture books

→ Picture books **are being read by my sister now**.

18. They don’t use cars and trucks to carry food to market.

→Cars and trucks **aren’t used to carry food to market.**

**UNIT 3: A TRIP TO THE COUNTRYSIDE**

**( VVT)**

Language focus:

 - Modal COULD with WISH.

 - WISH Sentences.

 - Prepositions of time.

 - Adverb clauses of result

**I. LISTENING**

**II. MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. I have a lot of homework to do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I have to stay up late.

a. if **b. so** c. because d. therefore

1. After two hours traveling by bus, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Vung Tau.

a. came b. got **c. reached** d. went

1. Will you join us on a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trip to Nha Trang?

a. four days b. four -days c. day-four **d. four-day**

1. He’ll show the photos he has taken \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his parents.

a. for b. with c. from **d. to**

1. I can’t go to the park with you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it is raining.

a. so **b. because** c. and d. but

1. On the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the village, we saw a big hotel.

**a. way** b. entrance c. direction d. street

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the weekends, the three boys helped Mr. Parker with farm work.

**a. On** b. From c. In d. Since

1. She has come here \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

a. in **b. since** c. for d. on

1. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_come to the meeting this morning.

a. wouldf **b.could** c. were to d. had to

1. He has so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money that he can’t afford to buy food.

a. few b. many **c. little** d. much

1. The holidays were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cheap \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they booked one immediately.

a. so…as **b. so .. that** c. such.. that d. too.. to

 12. The weather is nice. Shall we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mountain this morning?

 a. go b. travel c. come **d. climb**

 13. My brother studied very well, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he could pass the exam easily.

 a. if b. however **c. so** d. therefore

 14. ” Why not join with us to the countryside this weekend? “ \_ “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. ”

 a. Sure b. That’s right c. You’re welcome **d. That’s a good idea**

 15. “Would you like a cup of coffee?” – “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 a. No, let’s not b. No, I don’t **c. No, thanks** d. No, I wouldn’t

**III. ERROR IDENTIFICATION**

1. He wishes he could go to the party but he couldn’t

 A B C **D**

1. The answer was knewbymost of the class

 A **B** C D

1. . I’m glad to hear that you can speak English very good

 A B C **D**

1. It’s really cold and miserable here in the winter. I hope we would live in a warmer

 A B **C** D

 place next year.

1. The fruit was so rotten that it had to throwaway.

 A B **C** D

1. He used toworking full time, but now he is a part-time worker.

 A **B** C D

1. Nguyen Hue is considered one of the greatestheroof the country.

 A B **C** D

1. It’s more expensive to travel on Friday, thenI’ll leave on Thursday evening.

 A B **C** D

1. After livingin England for a year, Long finally gets used to driveon the left.

 A B **C** D

1. They arrived at HaNoi at 7.30 in the evening

 A **B** C D

1. A million of tourists from all over the world visit New York every year

 A B C **D**

1. There is a meeting between 9 am and 11am in Monday morning

 A B C **D**

**IV. READING COMPREHENSION**

**Exercise 1: Choose the best answer**

 My village is about 50 kilometers (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the city center. It is a very beautiful
and (2 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ place where people (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flowers and vegetables only. It’s very famous for its pretty roses and picturesque scenes. The air is quite (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ; however, the smell of the roses makes people (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cool. In spring, my village looks like a carpet with plenty of colors. Tourists come to visit it so often . Nowadays, with electricity, it doesn’t take the (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_much time to water the roses. And even at night, people can walk along the path and enjoy the fresh smell of the flowers.

1. on b. for **c. from** d. since

2. peace **b. peaceful** c. peacefully d. quite

3**. grow** c. buy c. grew d. bought

4 cool **b. fresh** c. clear d. clean

5. felt b. to feel **c. feel** d. feeling

6. villages **b. villagers** c. city-dwellers d. towns

**Exercise 2**

 When Malaysia became (1) …………………., Malay language was chosen as the National Language. The reason (2) …………………. this choice is that it is the language of the Malays who are the natives of Malaysia.

 The government of Malaysia takes pride in promoting this language among all the races in Malaysia. The Chinese, The Indians and other non- Malay communities have accepted the decision of the government. It is the (3) …………………. language of the country.

 In Malaysia, the national language is (4) …………………. the Bahasa Malaysia . It is the language of (5) ……………………. in schools. Since the introduction of Malay in schools, it has become the most (6) …………………. used language in Malaysia.

**1. a.** independence **b.** depending **c.** dependent **d. independent**

2 **a. for** **b.** in **c.** since **d.** at

**3 a.** office **b. official** **c.** officer **d.** officially

**4 a.** call **b.** calling **c.** to call d. called

**5** a. instruction **b.** instruct **c.** instructive **d.** instructively

 **6 a.** wide **b.** widen c. widely **d.** widening

 **Exercise 1 TRUE or FALSE**

 Last summer I spent my vacation in Thailand. I was very excited because it was my first trip there. I spent two days in Bangkok. Of course, I got a river bus to the floating market, where I bought some delicious fruit. The next day I went to a very interesting temple called the Temple of the Emerald Buddha. I did not have time to visit any other temples. However, I went to two historic cities – Ayuthaya and Sukhothai. Both have really interesting ruins.

1 . \_\_\_ **TRUE\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_The writer found her trip exciting .

2 . \_\_\_\_**TRUE**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_She stayed in Bangkok for two days.

3. \_\_\_\_\_**FALSE**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_She didn’t see any ruins in Ayuthaya and Sukhothai. 4. \_\_\_\_\_**TRUE**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_The writer hasn’t been in Thailand before .

**Exercise 2 TRUE or FALSE**

The weekend picnic I enjoyed most was just a few weeks ago. My class decided to pay a visit to the Botanic Garden. It was a glorious Sunday. We assembled at the school gate punctually and traveled to the Botanic Garden by bus. It was a long way to our destination and we sang merrily all the way. The Botanic Garden is a very beautiful place. We made a short tour round the garden and took some pictures of the whole class. Then we played a lot of games on a spacious piece of grassland. One of the boys brought along his guitar and we sang our favorite songs. We laughed, talked and danced, too. After a delicious meal with various kinds of food that we brought, we all took a rest. Some of us slept very soundly because it was so peaceful and quiet there. In the afternoon, we went on playing some more games. Then we packed up the left-overs and started home at four. We all felt very happy.

* ***spacious*** : rộng rãi ***assemble*** : tập trung
* ***left- ove***rs : đồ ăn còn lại ***punctually*** : đúng giờ

The writer went on a picnic with his family. 1 \_\_\_\_**FALSE\_\_\_**

Everyone assembled on time. 2 \_\_\_\_**TRUE**\_\_\_\_

They played a lot of games after lunch. 3 \_\_\_\_**FALSE**\_\_\_\_

They started home at 4 in the afternoon. 4\_\_\_\_\_**TRUE**\_\_\_\_

**V. VERB FORMS - VERB TENSES**

1. The boy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at by his friends yesterday. (laugh) **was laughed**
2. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tennis together since last May. (not play)**haven’t played**
3. He agrees the job as soon as possible. (start) **to start**
4. It's difficult \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with chopsticks. (get/eat) **to eat/ eating**
5. They wish it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now. (not rain)**didn’t rain**
6. After \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up everyone, the bus went on Highway No.1. (pick)**picking**
7. This is the first time he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a car. (drive) **has driven**
8. All the money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the orphans since last month. (collect) **have been collected**
9. I wish I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ speak English very well. ( can) **could**
10. Smoking (not allow) here**. Is not allowed**
11. I had no difficulty in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ myself understood. (make**) making**
12. What you (do) at 7p.m yesterday? **Were/ doing**

**VI. WORD FORMS**

1. The difficult \_**economic**\_\_\_ situation makes the sale of jeans go down. ( economy)
2. They don’t want to go \_\_\_\_**picnicking**\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the mountain. (picnic)
3. He had a **\_\_\_\_heroic**\_\_\_\_\_\_ action to save his family. ( hero )
4. Trung Trac and Trung Nhi were our great \_\_\_\_\_\_**heroes\_**\_\_\_ ( heroic )
5. We'll wait for you at the main \_\_\_\_\_\_**entrance**\_\_\_\_\_ to the supermarket. ( enter )
6. It's an \_\_**interesting**\_\_\_\_\_\_ journey to her home village. ( interest )
7. She listens to classical music for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_**relaxation**\_\_\_\_. (relax)
8. There are a lot of \_\_\_\_**sightseeings\_**\_\_ at tourist attractions in HCM city. (sightsee)
9. She \_**hurriedly**\_\_\_\_ got up, dressed and ran quickly to school. She was late. (hurry)
10. Most of the \_**villagers\_**\_\_\_ have lived here all their life. (village)
11. This stamp is quite rare and is almost a \_\_**collection**\_\_\_\_\_ ‘s item. (collect)
12. Our friends are very interested in visiting some \_\_\_**mountainous**\_\_\_ resorts. ( mountain )

**VII. TRANSFORMATION**

1. It was raining, so he took his umbrella.

 He **\_took his umbrella because it was raining\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

2. It is at least a month since I last saw Juliet.

 I have **\_\_\_not seen Juliet for at least a month**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. There was a banyan tree here a few days ago, but now there isn’t.

 There used \_**to be a banyan tree here a few days ago\_\_\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 4. Uncle Tom has raised a lot of chickens and ducks on the farm.

 A lot of\_\_**chicken and ducks have been raised on the farm by Uncle Tom**\_\_\_\_\_.

5. The weather is too cold for us to go out .

 The weather is so\_\_\_**cold that we couldn’t go out**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. I have to wear formal office dress to work every day.

 I wish \_\_**I didn’t have to wear formal office dress to work every day**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. I have difficulty in learning English grammar.

 It is **difficult to learn English grammar**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 8. My grandfather cannot work very hard because of his age

 My grandfather is\_**old so he can not work very hard**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. Travelling abroad gives him pleasure.

 He enjoys \_\_**travelling abroad**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. Because of her tiredness, she didn’t go to school.

 Because she **\_\_\_was tired, she didn’t go to school**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

11.Our trip lasts three days

 It is \_\_\_\_\_\_**a three-day trip\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

12.He was too lazy to pass the exam.

 He was lazy so \_\_**he couldn’t pass the exam**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

13.She spent a few hours collecting her old clothes.

It took \_\_\_\_**her a few hours to collect her old clothes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

14. It takes me two hours to do these exercises.

I spends **\_two hours doing these exercises**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

15. The flight from HCM City to Singapore only takes three hours.

It only takes \_**me\_three hours to fly from HCM City to Singapore\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

16 . He will be absent from the class discussion tomorrow.

He wishes \_\_**he wouldn’t be absent from the class discussion tomorrow**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

17. John would like to be an astronaut. When he grows up.

He wishes \_\_**he would be an astronaut when he grows up**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

18.It would be nice to travel to DaLat by plane.

I wish \_\_**I could travel to DaLat by plane**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**UNIT 4 : LEARNING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE**

**( PNT)**

1. **Listen to the tape and choose the most appropriate word or phrase (1.0pt)**
2. **Multiple choices**

1. If you want to ………………your English, we can help you.
**A. improve** B. attend C. take D. give

* + - * 1. We often take part in many cultural………………
				A. acts B. actions C. activity **D. activities**
				2. The examination is coming, …………….we are very busy.
				A. because **B. so** C, though D. but
				3. If you study at The Brighton Language Center – UK, you can live in a ………………on campus.
				**A. dormitory** B. mobile room C. hotel D. private room
				4. They asked me who the editor of this book……………….?
				A. is B. are **C. was** D were
				5. This car ………………….if it is cheap.
				A. buys B. will buy **C. will be bought** D. bought
				6. I am study hard ………………get a place at s good high school in Ho Chi Minh City.
				A. so that B. because of C. so as **D. in order to**
				7. I’m sure you will succeed ………………..the entrance examination.
				**A. in** B between C. on D. of
				8. He decided to …………….a course in art and design.
				A. make B. do **C. take** D. write
				9. “Congratulations on your exam result” – “……………”
				A. You’re welcome **B. Thanks a lot** C. All right D. That’s good
				10. “Mary got the job even though she wasn’t qualified” – “…………….”
				**A. That’s good news** B. There are good news

C. There’s good news D. This is a good news

* + - * 1. Yesterday I came to school on time …………..the traffic was terrible.
				**A. although** B. because C. and D.but

**III.Error correction**

 1. Charlie said that he is living in London then.
 A ***B***  C D

1. She said shewouldgo to Canada next day.
 A B C ***D***
2. She worked hard, but she passed herexam.
 A ***B*** C D

4. Heasked me ifit is raining.
 A B C **D**

5. Theyasked me how oldis she.
 A B C **D**

6.I have learnt to driveinfour weeks
 A B **C**  D

7.She askedme if was I happy to shop there.
 A B **C**  D

8. Tom said he can’t come to our party on Friday.
 A **B** C D

9. Tomasked meweather I could go with him.
 A B **C** D

10.The letter has sentto the wrongaddress.
**A** B C D

11. She said that she mustgothen.
 A **B** C D

1. He passed the exam because he studied very hardly.
 A B C **D**
2. ***Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage(1.5marks)***

***1.*** English is one of the most popular languages (1) …………………….. the world. It comes second in the number of speakers after Chinese. In Viet Nam, more and more people are studying English, considering it a key to (2) …………………….. However, not everyone knows how to learn English effectively.

 The best way to improve the four skills, speaking, listening, reading and writing, is (3) …………………….. regularly. You should make use of every opportunity to speak English with friends in class or at English speaking clubs or even with yourself in front of the (4) …………………….. Learning by heart all the words (5) ……………………..much if you do not read a lot because you will easily forget what you have learnt. Reading books, listening to radio or watching films are better ways to memorize words. Besides, English learners should not be so shy because making mistakes is (6) ……………………... in learning foreign languages. Practicing speaking a lot is a good way to correct your mistakes.

 1. **A. in** B. on C. over D. to

 2. A. succeed **B. success** C. successful D. successfully
 3. A. practice B. practiced C. practicing **D. to practice**

 4. A. room B. table **C. mirror** D. book

 5. A. help B. do not help C. helps **D. does not help**

6. A. avoidable **B. unavoidable** C. important D. unimportant

**2** There are at least 2,000 different languages in the world. Of all these languages, English is the most (1) **…………………** used. It is used by business people, airline pilots and sea captains all over the world. It is also the first language (2) **…………………**  sports and science. So it is very (3) **…………………** to learn English.

 Chinese is also an important language because it has the (4) **…………………** number of speakers. There are not only one billion people living in China today, but also many Chinese people (5) **…………………**  outside China. Chinese is widely spoken in many parts of Asia and Africa. Russian is spoken in both Europe and Asia. French is widely (6) **…………………** in Europe and in parts of Canada, Africa and Asia. From more than 2,000 languages, the United Nations has chosen six of them for business. They are Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish.

1. A. wide **B. widely** C. widen D. widening

2. A. in B. at **C. of** D. to

3. A. unimportant B. unimportance C. importance **D. important**

4. A. great B. greater C. greaten **D. greatest**

5. A. live B. lived C. to live **D. living**

6. **A. understood** B. understanding C. to understand D. understand

***IV. Write True or False for each of the sentences below: (1mark)***

**1.**

Dear Mr. Lawrence,

I have seen your advertisement for summer language courses and I am thinking of attending one for two or three weeks. Could you please send me some information and details of prices?

I would particularly like to know how many students attend the schools, their ages and how many students there are in a class. Also, can you explain what is included in the sports program and what amenities there are near the school? For example, is there a cinema or swimming-pool in little Bonnington? Could you tell me something about your staff? Are they all qualified teachers?

Lastly, as I am a music student, I wish very much to stay with a family who have a piano that I can practice on. Do you think it would be possible to arrange this?

I look forward to receiving your reply.

Yours sincerely,

Daniel Rovetta

1**.** Daniel wants to attend the spring language courses. (F)

2. Daniel wants to know the number of students of that school. (T)

3**.** He wants to know the age of the teaching staff. (F)

4**.** He has a piano and wants to bring there. (F)

**2.**

English is spoken as a mother tongue in many countries. In the United States of America, the national language is also English. Four hundred years ago, some English people sailed to North America to live there and they brought the English language to this new country. Now in the United States of America, people speak American English, but the American people say some English words in a different way. Canada is to the north of the United States of America. It is larger than the United States. In Canada, many people speak English because they also came from England many years ago. But in some parts of Canada, they speak French. The people living in these parts came from France

1. There is no difference between American English and British English.(F)

2. Both English and French are spoken in the United States. (F)

3. Many years ago, a lot of English people came to settle in the United States and Canada. (T)

4. In Canada, the number of people speaking English is larger than that of people speaking French.(T)

***VI. Verb tenses – Verbs forms***

1. If it ………**rains**………… tomorrow, I won’t go to the beach. (rain)
2. This car ………**will be bought**………… if it is cheap. (buy)
3. He said to me that he ……**would sell**…………… that car the following day. (sell)
4. The teacher asked her why she **………didn’t do…………** the test. (not do)
5. It’s time we **………caught…………** the bus. (catch)
6. He dislikes **………being made…………** to do everything. (make)
7. I wonder why he **………didn’t love…………** his family. (not love)
8. If you ask Jane next time, she **………will be…………** able to do it for you. (be)
9. You will get a cold if you **………don’t change………** your wet clothes. (not change)
10. We are going to have our car **………checked…………**  next week. (check)
11. During the school year, she isn’t allowed **……to watch …………** TV until she has finished her homework. (watch)
12. He could get the job easily if he **………has …………** a degree. (have)
13. They asked him what he **………was writing…………** then. (write)
14. If she **……doesn’t hurry ……………,** she may be late. (not hurry)

***V. Word forms***

The restaurant is **………famous…………** for its Western meals. (fame)

She has just got some **………information …………** about her family. (inform)

I need only one volume to **……complete……** my set of Dicken’s novels (completion)

Preserving natural resources is of great **………importance ………….** (important)

We have many well- **………qualified …………** teachers in our school. (qualify)

They are studying hard for their coming **………examination ………….** (examine)

We often take part in many **………cultural…………** activities at school. (culture)

He is a young teacher, but he is very **………experienced …………** (experience)

I watch the news every day because it is very **………informative ………….** (inform)

Ton works for a **………national …………** bank in Ho Chi Minh City. (nation)

Her listening is **………excellent ………….** (excellence)

He will **………complete …………**  his spoken test next week. (completion)

***VII. Rewrite***

1. “Don’t drink any milk today”, the doctor said to Jenny.
🡪 The doctor asked Jenny ***not to drink any milk that day.***
2. “Are you free this Sunday morning, Peter?”
🡪 Peter’s father asked ***Peter if/ whether he was free that Sunday morning***
3. “How many schools are there in your city?”, he said to me
🡪 He asked me ***how many schools there wee in my city.***
4. Mary told me, “My house is being built this week”
­­🡪 Mary told me **(*that) her house was being built that week*.**
5. Lisa said to me, “Do you want me to buy a magazine for you?”

🡪 Lisa asked me ***if/ whether I wanted her to buy a magazine for me.***

1. The bank clerk said, “Would you mind signing the back of the cheque?”
🡪 The bank clerk asked me ***to sign the back of the cheque.***
2. “I can’t explain this rule to you”, Miss While said to me
🡪 Miss While told me *(****that) she could explain that rule to me.***
3. Mr. Black asked his secretary, “Do you happen to see my report anywhere?”
🡪 Mr. Black asked his secretary ***if/ whether she happened to see his report anywhere.***
4. Mary said, “What can I do to help you with your homework, Tom?”
🡪 Mary asked *Tom* ***what she could do to help him with his homework***
5. “I will repaint my house for Tet”, my friend said to me.
🡪 My friend said to me that his house ***would be repainted for Tet.***
6. Ba said, “I am going to meet your sister in front of the station, Liz”
🡪 Ba told ***(that) he was going to meet her sister in front of the station.***
7. He said, “Why don’t we stop eating chicken to avoid being infected with bird flu?”
🡪 He suggested that chicken shouldn’t***be eaten to avoid being infected with bird flu.***
8. “I’m sorry I didn’t phone you last night”, Tim said to his father.
🡪 Tim apologized ***to his father for not phoning him the night before.***
9. John said to me, “Let’s have dinner out this evening”
🡪 John suggested that***we should have dinner out that evening.***
10. “You have done excellent work this month”, the manager said to the workers.
🡪 The manager congratulated the workers ***on having done excellent work that month.***
11. “Don’t forget to do all your homework, David”
🡪 I reminded David ***of doing all his homework***
12. “Would you like a cup of coffee, Nam?”
🡪 John offered ***Nam a cup of coffee***
13. My friend said to me, “Thank you very much for helping me with these assignments”
🡪 My friend thanked me***for helping her/ him with those assignments*.**

**🙛**🞷**🙙**

**UNIT 5: THE MEDIA**

**( TB)**

**I. LISTENING : *Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase***

**II. MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. I think your old jeans need \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
a. mend b. to mend **c. mending** d. mended
2. “Let’s go to Vung Tau on the weekend” “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
a. That’s a fine day b. That’s a good trip c. Yes, please **d. Yes, let’s**
3. Nobody understands what she says, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?
a. does it b. doesn’t it **c. do they** d. don’t they
4. Excuse me. Do you allow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this area?
a. to smoking b. smoke c. smoking **d. to smoke**
5. Have you read this article \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the website?

 A. in B. at **C. on** D. for

1. You need a password to get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the computer system.

 **A. access** B. information C. programs D. connection

1. She spends hours every day just \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Net.

 A. making B. breaking **C. surfing** D. looking

1. What benefits does TV bring about to people’s life.

 A. event **B. advantages** C. programs D. information

1. Some people think using the Internet is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because it takes a lot of time.

 A. convenient B. informative C. interesting **D. time-consuming**

1. Internet is a wonderful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of modern life.

 **A. invention** B. device C. part D. time

1. Remote controls are used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with TV.

 A. invent B. develop **C. interact** D. respond

1. What is your response\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this forum?

 A. about B. for C. with **D. to**

1. Everyone is present here, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. isn’t he B. isn’t she **C. aren’t they** D. are they

1. Nobody can deny the benefits of internet in our life. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, internet also has limitations.

A. Therefore B. So **C. However** D. Besides

1. Before newspapers were invented, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ would go through the city streets ringing the bell.

A. Designers B. Writers **C. Town criers** D. poets

**III. ERROR IDENTIFICATION**

1. I think that’s an interesting idea, isn’tthat?

 A B C **D**

1. I’m usually right about the weather, amn’t I?

 A B **C** D

1. Mathematics have been my most difficult subject so farthis year.

**A** B C D

1. “Turn on theTV for me, shall you?- I want to watch the weather forecast.”

 A **B** C D

1. He lookedill. Did you advise him seeing the doctor?

 A B C **D**

1. He’s trying hardly to prepare for the examination.

 A **B** C D

1. You don’t miss a single one on TV, don’t you?

 A B C **D**

1. Nobody can’t deny the benefitof the Internet in our life.

**A** B C D

1. Both chocolate and butter hasa lot of calories.

 A B **C** D

1. You like playing computer games, do you?

 A B C **D**

**IV. READING COMPREHENSION**

**Exercise 1: Choose the best answer**

………. (1) my opinion, the Internet is a very fast and convenient way for us to get information. We can also…………(2) with our friends and relatives by means of email or chatting. For me, the Internet is a wonderful……….(3) of modern life .People use the Internet ……….(4) many purposes: education, communication, entertainment and commerce.However, the Internet has limitations. It is not only time-consuming and……… (5) but also dangerous because of viruses and bad programs. ……….(6), Internet users sometimes have to suffer various risks such as spam and electronic junk mail and personal information leading.

1. A. For **B. In** C. On D. By

2. A. play B. talk C, **communicate**  D. say

3. A. invent B. **invention** C. inventor D. inventive

4. A. **for**  B. in C. with D. on

5. A. cheap B. expensive C. costly **D. B and C**

6. A. However B. **Moreover** C. But D. So

**Exercise 2: Choose the best answer**

 Television is an important invention of the 20th century. It has been so (1) \_\_\_\_\_ that now we can’t imagine what life would be if there were no television. Television is a major mean of communication . It brings pictures and sound (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the world into millions of home. TV (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can see and learn about people , places and things in far away lands. TV widens our knowledge by introducing us to new ideas (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ may lead us to new hobbies and recreations. In addition to the news, TV (5 ) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us with a variety of programs that can satisfy every taste. Most people now seem to like spending their evening watching. It is more convenient for them to sit at home watching TV (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go out for amusement elsewhere.

1. a. famous b. **popular** c. different d. serious

2. a. with b. to c. in d. **from**

3. a. **viewers** b. spectators c. watchers d. costumers

4. a. where b. **which** c. whose d. when

5. a. gives b. tells c. **provides** d. supposes

6. a. so b. **than** c. as d. that

 **Exercise 1: TRUE or FALSE**

It is estimated that about 200 million people who use the Internet computer network around the world. Most people use the Internet to get information or for entertainment. A new study ,however, say that almost 6% of Internet users are using it so often that it is seriously harming their lives. The study says these people may find it difficult to stop using the Internet because they have become addicted. Someone who is addicted finds it extremely difficult to stop an activity. According to Mr Greenfield, a psychologist , 30% Internet users say that they use the Internet to escape from problems or emotions. The study also shows that having discussion with strangers in internet areas called ‘chat room’ is one of the most addictive activities.

1. It’s estimated about 200 million people get access to the internet every year. T
2. Most people like to go on the Internet for information or entertainment. T
3. Using the Internet so often can do more harm than good. T
4. Someone who is addicted to the Internet spends just a little time on going it. F
5. Some people use the Internet to get away from their unpleasant situations. T

**Exercise 2: TRUE or FALSE**

With the invention of the microcomputer can now be purchased for as little as a few hundred dollars. Taking advantage of this situation, quite a few secondary schools, and even kindergartens, have already begun to use computers. Many other schools, however, are hesitating to introduce computer science onto the school curriculum. They wonder if students, especially younger ones, will be able to use these complicated machines. They also fear that they may only be suitable for youngsters who are good at math. "What about slower students?" they ask. Will computers make learning even more difficult for them? Then again, will learning with a computer be boring?

 Schools that are actually using computers are discovering answers to these questions. Surprisingly, students who are only 6 to 7 years of age are taking to the machines like fish to water. They are not only finding them easy t use, but they are also finding them fascinating.

1. Nowadays, we can get a computer at an affordable price T

2. Schools have the same ideas about using computers. F

3. According to the passage, adults are better at using computers than youngsters F

4. Students who are 6 to 7 years of age enjoy using computers. T

**V. VERB FORMS - VERB TENSES**

1. He tried to avoid……… **answering** …….. my questions.(answer)
2. Tom denied………**stealing**……… my watch.(steal)
3. I remember………**seeing**…….. her somewhere, but not exactly.(see)
4. They don’t allow………**to smoke**…… here.Put out your cigarette.(smoke)
5. Mary gave up……**trying**………(try) to find a job in this country and decided……**to go**…..(go) abroad.
6. Your car needs ……**repairing**……..It’s too old.(repair)
7. It’s no use………**persuading**……. him………**to stay**…….with us.(persuade/stay)
8. It’s no good……**talking**……… to her.She never listens.(talk)
9. Nobody………**has finished**…………. their test, haven’t they?(finish)
10. This type of jeans……**is considered**………….. very fashionable these days.(consider)
11. I’m used to………**driving**……… in heavy traffic everyday.(drive)
12. As soon as Tom ……**arrives**……… in HCMC tomorrow, he…**will call**…… you.(arrive/call)

**V. WORD FORMS**

1. Please give us all of your ……………………………. (respond) **- RESPONSE**

2. This remote area isn’t ................................... by bicycle. (access) **- ACCESSIBLE**

3. Libraries are helpful in................................... children’s love for books. (develop) **- DEVELOPING**

4. People can watch a ................................... of international programs on TV nowadays. (various) - **VARIETY**

5. The Internet has ................................... developed nowadays. (increase) **- INCREASINGLY**

6. The Internet is one of the most important ................................... of our life. (invent) **- INVENTIONS**

7. Everyone has their ................................. which are hardly recognized by themselves. (limit) **- LIMITATIONS**

8. Sign language is still used as a mean of ................................... (communicate) **- COMMUNICATION**

9. I often watch the news every day. It’s very ................................... (inform) **- INFORMATIVE**

10. Electronic goods are ................................... applauded everywhere. (commerce) **- COMMERCIALLY**

11. Since its ………………………, TV has attracted millions of viewers. (invent) **- INVENTION**

12. We could ………………………. spend the free time sightseeing. (use) **- USEFULLY**

**VII. TRANSFORMATION**

1. He last saw his grandfather 2 years ago, didn’t he?

→ He hasn’t **seen his grandfather for 2 years, has he?**

2. You have never worn shorts before, have you?

→ This is the first time you have worn shorts, isn’s it?

3. Someone forgot to turn off the light last night, didn’t they?

→ No one **remembered to turn off the light last night, did they?**

4. David never goes to school late, does he?

→ David always **goes to school early/on time, doesn’t he?**

5. The weather is bad today, isn’t it?

→ The weather is not **good today, is it?**

6. You last met Ann three years ago, didn’t you?

→ You haven’t **met Ann for three years, have you?**

7. You spend two hours doing that work, don’t you?

→ It takes **you two hours to do that work, doesn’t it?**

8. It is dangerous to explore the depth of the ocean, isn’t it?

→ Exploring **the depth of the ocean is dangerous, isn’t it?**

9. Is it exciting to have access to the Internet?
🡪 Having **access to the Internet is exciting, isn’t it?**

10. Does your father use the Internet every day?
🡪 You father **uses the Internet every day, doesn’t he?**

11. Do you ride your bike to school, Minh?
🡪 You **ride your bike to school, don’t you, Minh?**

12. Have you finished the book?

🡪 You have **finished the book, haven’t you?**

13. Can he speak English fluently?

🡪 He can **speak English fluently, can’t he?**

14. Will these men meet each other at the end of the street tonight?

🡪 These men **will meet each other at the end of the street tonight, won’t they?**

15. Did your father buy that car last week?

🡪 Your father **bought that car last week, didn’t he?**

16. Is that your new house?

🡪 That **is your new house, isn’t it?**

17. Do few students learn Russian nowadays?

🡪 Few students **learn Russian nowadays, do they?**

18. Is it your happiness to do charity work?
🡪 Doing **charity work is your happiness, isn’t it?**

**PRACTICE TEST 1**

**I. Listen to the tape and choose the most appropriate word or phrase (1.0pt)**

1. The bus collected Ba from his home at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
 A. 5:30 **B. 6:30** C. 7:30 D. 8:30

2. The name of the bridge was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .
 A. Daron **B. Dragon** C. Draton D. Bragon

3. The bus turned left onto a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .
 **A. small road** B. small airport C. small forest D. small store

4. On the way to Ba’s village the bus stopped to get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .
 A. some water B. some goods **C. some fuel** D. some food

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**II. Multiple choice: Read and choose appropriate word or phrase (1.5pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. What \_\_\_\_\_ of learning English do you find most difficult ? |
| A. study | **B. aspect** | C. kind | D. institute |
| 2. What do you think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the London Language Center ? |
| A. on  | B. over | **C. about** | D. off |
| 3. We can’t practice speaking English with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ speakers. |
| **A. native** | B. national | C. excellent | D. favorite  |  |
| 4. I am looking forward to hearing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you |
| **A. from** | B. for | C. to | D. of |  |
| 5. - Could you do me a favor, please? - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| A. Let me help you | B. No. I’m fine | C. Yes, go ahead! | **D. Sure. What can I do for you?**  |  |
| 6. Mary is sick today, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she won’t go to school.  |
| A. although | **B. so** | C. because | D. since |  |

**III. Error identification (0.5pt)**

1. Many people go there on weekends **having** a rest after a hard working week.
 A B C D
2. Susan said that she would meethim **today**.

 A B C D

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage(1.5pt)**

 My village is \_\_(1)\_\_ 50 kilometers from the city center. It is a very beautiful place. In my village people \_\_(2)\_\_ flowers and vegetables all year round. It is very famous for pretty roses and picturesque scenes. The air is quite pure and, the smell of the roses makes people \_\_(3)\_\_ cool. In spring, my village looks like a carpet with plenty of colors. \_\_(4)\_\_ come to visit it so often . Nowadays, with electricity, it doesn’t \_\_(5)\_\_ the farmers much time to water the roses and vegetables. And even at night, people can walk along the paths \_\_(6)\_\_ enjoy the fresh air as well as peaceful atmosphere.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | A. on | B. in | C. of | **D. about** | 1……. |
| 2. | A. study | B. told | **C. plant** | D. grew | 2…….. |
| 3. | **A. feel** | B. felt | C. look | D. looked | 3……… |
| 4 | A. Learners | **B. Tourists** | C. Villagers | D. flowers | 4……… |
| 5.. | A. get | B. seem | C. feel | **D. take** | 5……… |
| 6. | A. so | **B. and** | C. but | D. because | 6………. |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**V. Read the passage. Write True (T) , False (F) for each of the sentences below (1.0pt)**

One of the most important things in learning a foreign language is that you really want to learn the language – without that, you won’t get very far .You also have to believe that you will do it . Imagine yourself using the language confidently, and think , “ Yes, I can do that “.

 There are other things: of course you need to work hard , but at the same time you need to enjoy it and not get frustrated when you feel you’re not making much progress. And you have to be realistic – learning a language takes time, and you can’t expect to know and understand everything in a few weeks!

Also , you should try to develop an ear for the language – not only to recognize the sounds of the language and to understand what people are saying , but also to notice the exact words and phrases that people use… and then try to use them yourself . Some people can do this naturally , but others have to learn how to do it – that’s why having a good teacher is important.

1. If you want to study a foreign language well, you must want to do it. **True**

2. You don’t need to work hard to study. **False**

3. You will be frustrated if you make progress. **False**

4. All learners need a teacher when they study a foreign language. **True**

**Answers :** Học sinh viết đầy đủ từ  **True** hoặc **False** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence (1.0pt)**

1.In the summer, they like to go (boat) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the river . BOATING

2.She told me that she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a wonderful time in Paris HAD

3.The zoo isn’t far from here. I (walk)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there many times. HAVE WALKED

4.It is a terrible film. I wish we (not go) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to see it. DID NOT GO

**Answers :**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VII. Use the correct word forms (1.5pt)**

1.The tourists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gathered their things and ran to the bus stop. (hurry). HURRIEDLY

2. We were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the scenery.(amaze) AMAZED

3.Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this institute? (attendance) ATTEND

4.This blouse costs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 99,000VND. ( approximate ).APPROXIMATELY

5.He is considered one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the country. ( heroic) HEROES

6.It is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ journey. (interest) INTERESTING

**Answers :**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VIII. -Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning (2.0pts)**

1. “ What do you buy at the bookstore today? “ Dave asked me .

🡪**Dave asked me**WHAT I BOUGHT AT THE BOOKSTORE THAT DAY

2. “ You have to hand in your essays next week”, the teacher said to us.🡪**The teacher said** THAT WE HAD TO HAND IN OUR ESSAYS THE FOLLOWING WEEKS

3. Unless you work harder, you will fail in the exam .

🡪**If you** DO NOT WORK HARDER, YOU WILL FAIL THE EXAM

4. No other members in the class are as tall as Lucie is

🡪 **Lucie is the** TALLEST STUDENT IN THE/HER CLASS.?.

**PRACTICE TEST 2**

**I. Listen to the tape and choose the most appropriate word or phrase (1.0pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. Nga is studying English in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| A. Ha Noi | B. Viet Nam | **C. London** | D. the USA  |
| 2. She is working for a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_bank in London |
| A. national | **B. international** | C. river | D. city |
| 3. She wants to improve her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skills |
| A. reading | B. listening | C. speaking | **D. writing** |  |
| 4. To Nga, English is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language.  |
| **A. interesting** | B. boring  | C. amazing | D. tiring |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**II. Multiple choice: Read and choose appropriate word or phrase (1.5pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. All the students have to \_\_\_\_\_\_ more information about their study |
| A. need | B. talk | C. improve | **D. supply** |
| 2. Could you please send details \_\_\_\_ courses and fees? |
| **A. of** | B. on | C. to | D. for |
| 3. - I think we should go to the English- speaking club to improve our speaking - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. |
| A. No, I can’t | **B. Good idea** | C. Let’s go | D. Yes, I can do that |  |
| 4. What do people do for a \_\_\_\_\_\_ in your village. |
| A. life | B. like | C. alive | **D. living** |  |
| 5. - Could you do me a favor? - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| **A. Sure** | B. No, thanks | C. Let’s go | D. You’re welcome |  |
| 6. Susan was very tired after the journey, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she went to bed very early . |
| **A. so** | B. and | C. or | D. because |  |

**III. Error identification (0.5pt)**

 11. Everyone felt tired and hungry so they sat down under a tree and **having** a rest

 A B C D

12. My mother asked me if I would go hiking tomorrow
 A B C D

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage(1.5pt)**

 The picnic I \_\_(1)\_\_ most was just a few weeks ago. My class decided to pay a \_\_(2)\_\_ to the Botanic Garden. We assembled at the school gate and traveled to the Botanic Garden by bus. The Botanic Garden is a very beautiful place. We made a short \_\_(3)\_\_ round the garden and took some pictures of the whole class. Then we played a lot of games on a spacious piece of grassland. One of the boys brought along \_\_(4)\_\_ guitar and we sang our favorite songs. We laughed, talked and danced, too. After a delicious meal with various kinds of food that we brought, we all \_\_(5)\_\_ a rest. In the afternoon, we went on playing some more games. Then we packed up the left-overs and started home \_\_(6)\_\_ four. We all felt very happy.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | A. got | **B. enjoyed** | C. felt | D. looked | 1……. |
| 2. | A. life | B. farm | C. fee | **D. visit** | 2…….. |
| 3. | A. study | **B. tour** | C. line | D. road | 3……… |
| 4 | A. her | B. their | **C. his** | D. our | 4……… |
| 5.. | A. took | **B. take** | C. taken | D. to take | 5……… |
| 6. | A. on | B. in | C. over | **D. at** | 6………. |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**V. Read the passage. Write True (T) , False (F) for each of the sentences below (1.0pt)**

Dear Mr Lawrence,

I have seen your advertisement for summer language courses and I am thinking of attending one for two or three weeks. Could you please send me some information and details of prices

I would particularly like to know how many students attend the schools, their ages and how many students there are in a class. Also, can you explain what is included in the sports program and what amenities there are near the school? For example, is there a cinema or swimming-pool in little Bonnington? Could you tell me something about your staff? Are they all qualified teachers?

Lastly, as I am a music student, I wish very much to stay with a family who have a piano that I can practice on. Do you think it would be possible to arrange this?

I look forward to receiving your reply.

Yours sincerely,

Daniel Rovetta

**1.** Daniel wants to attend the spring language courses. **False**

**2**. Daniel wants to know the number of students of that school. **True**

**3.** He wants to know the age of the teaching staff . **False**

 **4.** He has a piano and wants to bring there **False**

**Answers :** Học sinh viết đầy đủ từ  **True** hoặc **False** vào ô trả lời

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence (1.0pt)**

1. Lien doesn’t know Hoa’s address. Lien wishes she (know) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hoa’s address. KNEW

2. They asked me where I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (come) from CAME

3. You should practice \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( speak ) English everyday.SPEAKING

4. Jack said he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) a teacher the following year.WOULD BE

**Answers :**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VII. Use the correct word forms (1.5pt)**

1.You’ve done very well. It was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ result. (admire) ADMIRABLE

2.You should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everybody of this good news. (information) INFORM

3. It was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day for everyone. (enjoy) ENJOYABLE

4.The accident happens because of driving \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . ( care) CARELESSLY

5. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ asked Lan a lot of difficult questions. (examine) EXAMINER

6. It’s important we must balance our work and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .(relax) RELAXATION

**VIII. -Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning (2.0pts)**

1. “Is there a gas station near here ? “, Daniel said

🡪**Daniel asked us**IF THERE WAS A GAS STATION NEAR THERE

2. Mr Hung said to us: “ Don’t stay up too late, please “

🡪**Mr Hung asked** US NOT TO STAY UP LATE

3. You have to hurry up or you will miss the bus

🡪**If you** DO NOT HURRY, YOU WILL MISS THE BUS

4. When was the last time you watched an action movies ?

🡪**When did** YOU LAST WATCH / SEE AN ACTION MOVIE ?

**PRACTICE TEST 3**

**I. Listen to the tape and choose the most appropriate word or phrase (1.0pt)**

1.Tim and Carlo will go to a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ downtown.

2.Carlo didn’t see the \_\_\_\_\_\_, so he walked on the grass.

3.There are trees, \_\_\_\_\_\_ and a pond in the middle.

4.The boys will catch the bus \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1.A. tree2**.A. sign**3.A. parks4.A. 103 | B. pondB. tree**B. flowers****B. 130** | C. parkC. flowerC. busesC. 310 | **D. restaurant**D. pondD. grassD. 301 |  |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. Read and choose appropriate word or phrase (1.5pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. Jeans have never been out of………… |
| **A. fashion** | B. current | C. region | D. religion  |  |
| 2. She was born ………….1970. |
| A. on | **B. in** | C. to | D. for |  |
| 3. The Japanese ……… of currency is the Yen |
| A. generation | B. fashion  | C. label  | **D. unit** |  |
| 4. This kind of cloth was very strong and it did not ……… easily. |
| A. worn in | B. wore out | C. wear at | **D. wear out** |  |
| 5. – Would you mind opening the window? -……………….. |
| A. I’m fine.  | B. Yes, please | C. Yes, of course  | **D. No, of course not.** |  |
| 6. They finished their work successfully………. they had enough time. |
| **A. because** | B. so that | C. therefore | D. although |  |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. Error identification (0.5pt)**

1. Primary school children learning three languages at school in Malaysia

 A  **B** C D

2. You have towritten two more questionson students’ wear.

 A **B** C D

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage (1.5pt)**

 Singapore \_\_(1)\_\_ an island city of about three million people. It’s a beautiful city with lots of parks and open spaces. It’s also a very clean city. Most of the \_\_(2)\_\_ live in high-rise buildings in different parts of the island .The business district is very \_\_(3)\_\_ with lots of high new office buildings. Singapore also has some nice older sections. In Chinatown, there are rows of old shop houses. The Government buildings \_\_(4)\_\_ Singapore are very beautiful and dated from the colonial days. Singapore is famous for its shops and restaurants. \_\_(5)\_\_ are many good shopping centers. Most of the goods are duty free. Singapore’s restaurants sell Chinese, Indian, Malay \_\_(6)\_\_ European food, and the prices are quite reasonable

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | A. are | **B. is** | C. was | D. were |  |
| 2. | A. students | B. religion | **C. people** | D. area |  |
| 3. | A. fashion | **B. modern** | C. pattern | D. majority |  |
| 4 | A. on | B. to | **C. in** | D. from |  |
| 5.. | A. This | B. That | C. Things | D. There |  |
| 6. | **A. and** | B. so | C. because | D. although |  |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V. Read the passage. Write True (T) , False (F) for each of the sentences below (1.0pt)**

Clothes can tell a lot about a person . Some people like very colorful clothes because they want everyone to look at them and they want to be the center of things. Other people like to wear nice clothes , but their clothes are not colorful or fancy. They do not like people to look at them . Clothes today are very different from the clothes of the 1800s . One difference is the way they look. For example , in the 1800s, all women wore dress. The dresses all had long skirts. But today, women do not always wear dresses with long skirts, sometimes they wear short skirts, sometimes they wear pants. Another difference between 1800 and today is the cloth. In the 1800s, clothes were made from natural kinds of cloth, such as cotton, wool, silk or linen. But today there are many kinds of man-made cloth . A lot of clothes are now made from nylon, rayon or polyester.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Clothes can tell much about a person. **TRUE**2. Clothes today are not different from the clothes of the 1800s. **FALSE**3. Women always wore dresses with long skirts in the 1800s. **TRUE**4. Nowadays clothes were made from natural kinds of cloth. **FALSE** |  |

**Answers :** Học sinh ghi đầy đủ từ **FALSE** hoặc **TRUE** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence (1.0pt)**

1.She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Bangkok two hours ago. ( leave ) LEFT

2.He may continue \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for children. ( write ) TO WRITE

3.They used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ swimming in the afternoon. ( go ) GO

4. It’s time we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bus. ( catch ) CAUGHT

. **Answers :**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. Use the correct word forms (1.5pt)**

1. Everyone was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to me. ( friendLY

2.You can’t be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on your parents ( dependENT

3.We were impressed by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the city. ( beautY

4.The editor welcomes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from readers on any subject. ( correspondENCES

5. English, Tamil and Chinese are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ spoken in Malaysia. ( wideLY

6.The festival is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ held in Hung King Temple. ( officialLY

**Answers :**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VIII. -Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning (2.0pts)**

1. The girl doesn’t do her exercises.**→ I wish** The girl DID her exercises

2. We are not tall.**→ We wish** We WERE tall / TALLER

3. Loan has not seen her uncle for two years.**→ The last time** Loan SAW her uncle WAS two years AGO

4. My mother speaks French. **→ French** IS SPOKEN BY MY MOTHER

**→ I wish** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**→ We wish** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**→ The last time** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**→ French** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PRACTICE TEST 4**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A lost girl ‘s name is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 1. She is wearing long – sleeved \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. Her shorts are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. She is maybe carrying a large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1.**A. Mary**2.A. shirt3.**A. blue**4.**A. doll** | B. CarloB. skirtB. whiteB. book | C. Tim JonesC. shortsC. yellowC. ball | D. Maryam**D. blouse**D. brownD. toy car |  |

 |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. Read and choose appropriate word or phrase (1.5pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. Some secondary students may continue learning…… Chinese or Tamil. |
| **A. in** | B. on | C. into  | D. at  |  |
| 2. People speak English, Chinese and Tamil……… Malaysia |
| **A. in** | B. on | C. into  | D. at  |  |
| 3. Nowadays, Japanese women do not usually wear kimonos,……….. on special occasions |
| A. traditionally | **B. especially** | C. differently | D. fortunately |  |
| 4. My pen pal Long and I have kept…….. for a long time. |
| **A. in touch** | B. in tooth | C. at touch | D. at work |  |
| 5. She wears nice ……….. . expensive clothes |
| A. because | **B. and** | C. so | D. although |  |
| 6. – Would you mind closing the door?. - ……………………….. |
| A. I see. Let’s go | **B. No, I don’t mind**  | C. Yes please  | D. Pleased to meet you  |  |

**III. Error identification (0.5pt)**

1. Malaysia are one of the Association of South East AsianNations (ASEAN)

**A** B C D

2. Poets, writers and musicians have mentioned the Ao dai for their poems, novels and songs.

 A B **C** D

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage(1.5pt)**

Malaysia is a country \_\_(1)\_\_ South East Asia that consists of thirteen states and three Federal Territories, with a total landmass of 329,847 square kilometers. The \_\_(2)\_\_ is Kuala Lumpur, while Putrajaya is the seat of the federal government. The population stands at over 28 million. The country is \_\_(3)\_\_ into two regions – Peninsula Malaysia and Malaysian Borneo - by the South China Sea. Malaysia borders Thailand, Indonesia, Singapore and Brunei. The country is located near the equator and experiences a \_\_(4)\_\_ climate. The Malaysia unit of currency is the *ringgit*. Islam is the country’s official \_\_(5)\_\_. In addition, there are other religions such as Buddhism and Hinduism. The national language is Bahasa Malaysia. English, Chinese and Tamil are \_\_(6)\_\_ spoken.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | **A. in** | B. on | C. into  | D. at  |  |
| 2. | A. students | B. religion | C. people | **D. capital** |  |
| 3. | A. consisted | B. comprised | **C. separated** | D. looked |  |
| 4 | A. modern | **B. tropical** | C. fashionable | D. comfortable |  |
| 5.. | **A. religion** | B. region | C. people | D. capital |  |
| 6. | A. fast | B. especially | C. hard | **D. widely** |  |

**Answers :** Học sinh chỉ ghi mẫu tự **A, B, C**, hoặc **D** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V. Read the passage. Write True (T) , False (F) for each of the sentences below (1.0pt)**

In many secondary schools in Britain wearing school uniform is compulsory. Some schools argue that there are many disadvantages to this system. Most students don’t agree with school uniforms, however, for a lot of reasons. Firstly, when you have to wear the same clothes as everyone else, you don’t have a chance to develop personal taste in the way you dress. Moreover, people who look scruffy usually look scruffy in their uniforms too, and you can always tell the people who come from poor homes because their uniforms are not as new or don’t fit properly. Finally , the main reason why most students don’t like school uniforms because most schools choose colors and styles that don’t suit young people at all.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Wearing school uniform in Britain is compulsory. **FALSE**2. Most students don’t agree with school uniforms. **TRUE**3. People can always tell the students who come from poor homes. **TRUE**4. Most schools choose colors and styles that suit young people at all. |  |

**Answers :** Học sinh ghi đầy đủ từ **FALSE** hoặc **TRUE** vào ô trả lời

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentence (1.0pt)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. My father \_\_\_\_ exercise at the moment. (do) IS DOING 2. That boy lets me \_\_\_\_\_\_ the windows in the classroom.(not break) NOT BREAK 3. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Ha Noi since 1998. ( not live) HAVE NOT LIVED 4. Our father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Hochiminh City ten years ago .(leave) LEFT  |  |

**Answers:**

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. Use the correct word forms (1.5pt)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. She sits \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in her armchair . ( comfortABLY2. Mary likes a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life. (peaceFUL3. They were impressed by the \_\_\_\_\_ of the local people (friendLINESS4. The \_\_\_\_ have modernized the *ao dai* by adding more symbols.(designERS5. It is necessary for \_\_\_\_\_ highs school students to wear uniforms.(secondARY6. The old man did his work very \_\_\_\_\_ .( careFULLY |  |

**Answers :**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**VIII. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning (2.0pts)**

1. People plant flowers in this season.**→ Flowers** ARE PLANTED IN THIS SEASON

2. I cannot speak English well**→ I wish** I COULD speak English well

3. The girls have not seen their father for ten months.**→ The last time the girls** SAW THEIR FATHER WAS 10 MONTHS AGO

4. The teacher gives us a lot of exercises.**→ We wish** The teacher DID NOTgive us a lot of exercises

**→ Flowers** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**→ I wish** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**→ The last time the girls**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**→ We wish** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

THE END

**PRACTICE TEST 5**

***I.Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase: (1.0 pt)***

1.The bus crossed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Bridge.

a. Canyon **b. Dragon** c. Weapon d. Nation

2.The road ran between green \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a. parks **b. paddy fields** c. lands d. cities

3.The road ended \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a big store beside a pond.

a. after b. next to c. behind **d. before**

4.The bus waited for people to come back in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a. evening** b. morning c. afternoon d. night

**Answers:** 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. *Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (1.5 pts)***

5.This small dictionary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of 80,000 words.

A. makes B. uses C. comprises **D. consists**

6. He wants to make a deep impression\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everyone he first meets.

A. at B. in C. by **D. on**

7. He asked me how many students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my class.

 A. are there B. there are **C. there were** D. was there

8. If we go to The Brighton Language Center in UK, we can live in a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on campus.

A. house **B. dormitory** C. apartment D. story

9. Our teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_class into four groups when we have English lessons.

A. **usually divides** B. is usually divided C. is dividing usually D. be divided usually

10. I like the dining tables covered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clean white cloths.
A. for B. off **C. with** D. of

**Answers:**

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. *Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)***

11. She enjoyed listening to music and**go**shopping.

 A B **C** D

12. She has been playing as a professional tennis player **from** 1990s.
A B C **D**

**Answers**: 11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. *Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.(1.5pts)***

Many people think that teachers give students too (13) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_homework. They say that it is unnecessary for children to work at home in their free time. Moreover, they argue that most teachers do not properly plan the homework tasks they give students. The result is that students have to repeat tasks (14) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they have already done at school

Recently in Greece many parents complained about the difficult homework which teachers gave to their children. Most people agree that homework is (15) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a student who can do his homework in a small, noisy room with the television (16)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Some parents help their children with their work. Other parents take (17) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_interest at all in their children’s homework.

It’s important, however, that teachers talk to parents about homework. A teacher should suggest suitable tasks for parents to do with their children. Parents are often better at (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_their own children!

13. A. many **B. much** C. more D. less

14. A who B. whom **C. which** D. all are correct

15. A. suitable B. unfair C. fair D. unsuitable

16. A. on B. with C. in D. at

17. A. not **B. no** C. don’t D. never

18. A. teach B. taught **C. teaching** D. teaches

Chú ý: Thí sinh **chỉ ghi** mẫu tự A,B,C, hoặc D vào ô trả lời

 **Answers:**

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V. *Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.0 pt)***

Like other languages, English is always changing, but it changes very slowly. People invent new words, borrow words from other languages and change the meaning of words as needed. For example, the English word “byte” as invented by computer specialists in 1959. The words “tomato” was borrowed from Nahuati, an American India language spoken in Mexico. The word “meat” once referred to food in general. People learn English as well as languages by listening, copying what they hear, and using the language. Most school children learn their first language easily and sometimes other languages as well.

19. English is changing very quickly. TRUE

20. Some English words are borrowed from other languages. TRUE

21. Some English words are invented by computers. FALSE

22. One of the ways to learn English is copying what you hear.TRUE

**Thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời**

 **Answers**: 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. *Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt*)**

23**.** The machine must be checked \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . (week) 23. **Weekly**

24. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ might lead to some problems. (Understand) 24. **misunderstanding**

25. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ like going to Sapa where there is a lot of beautiful scenery. (Travel) 25. \_**travellers**\_\_\_\_

26. The college has an international **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** as a center of excellence. (repute) 26 **reputation**

27. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a very attractive job nowadays. (advertise) 27 **advertising**

28. I’m \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about you using my car without asking me. (happily) 28. **unhappy**

**Answers**: 23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. *Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)***

29. If the taxi\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here by 10a.m, I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you a lift to the station.

(not arrive/ give) 29. **Doesn’t arrive/will give**

30. They asked me where I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from. (come) 30. **came**

31. It’s interesting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the river. (swim) 31. **To swim**

32. The principal told me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that again. (not do) 32. **Not to do**

 **Answers:** 29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.*Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.( 2.0 pts)***

33. “I’ll give you a lift, Mary “

→***The man told Mary he would give her a lift***

34. Bring along a raincoat, or you will get wet.
→***If you don’t b*ring along a raincoat, you will get wet.**

35. Mary is proud of passing the final exam.

→***Mary takes*pride in passing the final exam**

36. She said, “Go to bed and don’t get up till you’re called.’

🡪***She told us*to go to bed and not toget up till we were called**

**PRACTICE TEST 6**

***I.Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase: (1.0 pt)***

1.The bus crossed the Dragon \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. Canyon B. Buiding **C. Bridge** D. Ridge

2.The road ran \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ green paddy fields .

A. after B. next to C. behind **D. between**

3.The road ended before a big store \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a pond.

A. after B. next to C. behind **D. beside**

4.The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ waited for people to come back in the evening.

A. tour guide B. family **C. bus** D. buffalo

**Answers:** 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. *Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (1.5 pts)***

5. I’ll learn in Brisbane Institute of English in Australia because it is quite close \_\_\_\_\_\_ Viet Nam.

**A. to** B. with C. in D. at

6. My telephone was out of order; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I had to use the telephone box.

A. however **B. therefore** C. because D. although

7. She wondered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her son was then.

**A. where** B. if C. whether D. what

8. I’m looking forward \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from you.
A. hear B. to hear **C. to hearing** D. of hearing

9. My younger brother is studying math under his teacher’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. academy B. request **C. reputation** D. tuition

10. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on a picnic with my classmates.
A. can go B. can’t go **C. could go** D. couldn’t go.

**Answers:**

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. *Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)***

11. The examiner asked me what aspect of learning English I find most difficult .

 A B C **D**

12. He hasn’tseen his brother since twenty years.
A B **C** D

**Answers**: 11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. *Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5pts)***

There are at least 2,000 different languages in the world. Of all these languages, English is the most (13)\_\_\_\_\_used. It is used by business people, airline pilots and sea captains all over the world. It is also the first language (14)\_\_\_\_\_ sports and science. So it is very (15)\_\_\_\_\_to learn English.

Chinese is also an important language because it has the (16) \_\_\_\_\_\_number of speakers. There are not only one billion people living in China today, but also many Chinese people (17) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ outside China. Chinese is widely spoken in many parts of Asia and Africa. Russian is spoken in both Europe and Asia. French is widely (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Europe and in parts of Canada, Africa and Asia.

From more than 2,000 languages, the United Nations has chosen six of them for business. They are Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish.

13. A. wide **B. widely** C. widen D. widening

14. **A. in** B. at C. of D. to

15. A. unimportant B. unimportance C. importance **D. important**

16. A. great B. greater C. greaten **D. greatest**

17. A. live B. lived C. to live **D. living**

18. **A. understood** B. understanding C. to understand D. understand

Chú ý: Thí sinh **chỉ ghi** mẫu tự A,B,C, hoặc D vào ô trả lời

 **Answers:**

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 **V. *Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.0 pt)***

In the first year of lower secondary school, I had some difficulties in learning English. My English pronunciation was really bad and my English grammar was worse. I did not know how to improve them. I didn’t want my father and mother to know about this. One afternoon after the lesson, my teacher of English told me to wait for her outside the classroom. She took me to the school library and showed me cassettes of pronunciation drills kept in a glass bookcase. She also told me how to use an English- English dictionary to improve my English grammar. “Now I think you know what you should do”, said she. I made much progress and only one year later, I won the first prize in the English Speaking Contest held for secondary school students in my hometown.

19. One of Nam’s difficulties in learning English in the first year is the pronunciation. TRUE

20. His father wanted to meet him one afternoon after the lesson. F

21. Nam and his teacher went to the town library after that. T

22. He won the third prize in the English Speaking Contest one year later. **F**

**Thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời**

 **Answers:** 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. *Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt*)**

23**.** The old man walked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because he was tired. (slow) LY

24. The show brought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to millions of viewers. (enjoy)MENT

25. I can complete a spoken English test if \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(necessity) NECESSARY

26. The children decorated the classroom very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(wonder) FULLY

27. I need only one volume to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my set of Dickens’ novels (completion) COMPLETE

28. This \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ story book is the best seller. It’s printed in both English and Russian. (language) BILINGUAL

Answers: 23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. *Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)***

29. If the weather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bad tomorrow, we will not go camping (be)

30.You should take part in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used paper and cans for recycling (collect)

31.I can also \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with my friends by means of e-mails (communicate)

32.We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in England for the last four years. (work)

 **Answers:** 29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.*Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.( 2.0 pts)***

33. “Do you live in this city, Tom?” Mr. Pike asked.
→ Mr. Pike asked **Tom if he lived in that city**

34. We spent five hours learning English.

It took **us five hours to learn English**

35. I’m proud of my father.

🡪 I take **pride in my father**

36. If she doesn’t get up early, she will miss the first train.

🡪Unless **she gets up early, she will miss the first train**

**PRACTICE TEST 7**

***I.Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase: (1.0 pt)***

1.Nga goes to London to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. work for a bank B. study English

C. learn French D. work for an international bank

2.Nga’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skill is not good.

A. listening B. speaking C. reading D. writing

3.Nga is working for a/ an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Ha noi.

A. international bank B. national bank C. international school D. national school

4. She needs to improve her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skill.

A. listening B. speaking C. reading D. writing

**Answers:** 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. *Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (1.5 pts)***

5.It’s cheaper if you book the tickets in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
a. advance b. hobby c. language d. difficulty

6.If you go to the Brighton Language Center in the UK, we can live in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on campus
a. institute b. dormitory c. university d. center

7.He asked me how many students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my class
a. are there b. there are c. there were d. was there

8.He finds \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lovely to make friends with
a. her b. her is c. she d. that she can

9.She speaks English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but no one laughs at her
a. nature b. natural c. naturally d. unnaturally

10. - David: “Could you bring me some water?”
 - Waiter: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
a. Certainly, sir b. Yes, I can c. Yes, I could. d. No, I can’t

**Answers:**

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. *Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)***

11. I would rather you done the final test well.

A B C D

12. They made jean cloth completely by cotton in the eighteenth century.

 A B C D

**Answers**: 11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. *Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage(1.5pts)***

I believe that it is \_\_\_(13)\_\_ to wear uniforms when students are at school. Firstly, uniforms encourage the children to take pride in being students of the school they are going to \_\_\_(14)\_\_ they are wearing uniforms labels bearing their school’s name.

Secondly, wearing uniforms helps students feel \_\_\_(15)\_\_ in many ways. They all start \_\_\_(16)\_\_ the same place no matter how rich or poor they are. They are really friends to one another \_\_\_(17)\_\_ one school roof. Last but not least, it is \_\_\_\_(18)\_\_\_ to wear uniforms. It doesn’t take you time to think of what to wear every day. In conclusion, all students, from primary to high school should wear uniforms.

 13. a. importance b. unimportance c. important d. unimportant

 14. a. so b. because c. and d. but

 15. a. happy b. lucky c interesting d. equal

 16. a. in b. on c. at d. from

 17. a. at b. under c. on d. in

 18. a. practical b. exciting c. terrible d. fashionable

Chú ý: Thí sinh **chỉ ghi** mẫu tự A,B,C, hoặc D vào ô trả lời

 **Answers:**

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V. *Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.0 pt)***

Vietnamese schoolgirls in senior high schools wear the white Aodai school uniform. The white color of the Aodai they wear symbolizes the purity of school age. On special occasions such as weddings, festivals, ceremonies… Vietnamese women wear the Aodai of various designs and material. Women and girls seem to look more graceful and tender in their Aodai.

Many foreign visitors like this traditional clothing of Vietnamese women. Once a visitor, when seeing schoolgirls walking to school, told me, “I enjoy watching them. They look like fairies in a wonderland with their laps of the Aodai fluttering”. The Aodai is the pride of Vietnamese women, they know that they wear the unique dress, which is now both traditional and fashionable.

19.All schoolgirls in Vietnam wear the Aodai.

20.The Aodai symbolizes the purity of school age.

21.Vietnamese women wear Aodai on special occasions.

22.Vietnamese women are proud of the Aodai because it looks modern.

**Thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời**

 **Answers:** 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. *Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt*)**

23. The students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gathered their things and ran to the bus stop. (hurry).

24. We are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the scenery.(amaze)

25. Tourists came to visit some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ places in Ho Chi Minh City.( differ)

26. This blouse costs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 99,000VND. (approximate).

27. He is considered one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the country. ( heroic)

28. What is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dress in your country? . (nation)

Answers: 23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. *Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)***

29. She said to me that she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that car the following day. (sell)

30. I really wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party next Sunday. ( invite)

31. When we arrived at the camp site, they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out the blanket. (lay)

32. The teacher asked Sue \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a passage. (read)

**Answers:** 29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.*Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.( 2.0 pts)***

1. He is too careless to do that job.

🡪 He is careless,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. “What is your date of birth, Tuan?” asked the teacher.

🡪 The teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Peter will pass the exam, but he has to study hard.

🡪 If\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. “I must go now”, my father said to me.

🡪 My father\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PRACTICE TEST 8**

***I.Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase: (1.0 pt)***

1. A little girl called Mary is reported \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the Car Fair.

2.She is wearing blue \_\_\_\_\_ .

 3.She wears a pair of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shoes.

 4. She was last seen \_\_\_\_\_ minutes ago near the main entrance to the Car Fair

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1.A. missing2.A. shirt3.A. blue4.A. twelve | B. singingB. skirtB. whiteB. twenty | C. dancingC. shortsC. yellowC. thirteen | D. talkingD. blouseD. brownD. fourteen |  |

**Answers:**1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. *Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (1.5 pts)***

5.What aspect \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ learning English do you find the most difficult?
a. in b. for c. of d. for

6.Don’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him to agree to your proposal. It’s no use
a. let b. make c. persuade d. do

7.“Could you do me a favor, please?”

 - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
a. Let me help you b. Yes, go ahead!
c. No, thanks. I’m fine d. Sure. What can I do for you?

8.First she asked me what my name was, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ where I came from.
a. and b. or c. but d. so

9.Do you have any previous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of this type of work?
a. excellence b. scenery c. service d. experience

10.She asked me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_my school was near there.
a. where b. what c. whether d. which

**Answers:**

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. *Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)***

11.Lyn asked Dan that she would come to the meeting the following day.

 A B C D

12.A new style of clothes have just been designed in Paris.

 A B C D

**Answers**: 11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. *Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5pts)***

When Malaysia become (13) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Malay language was chosen as the National Language. The reason (14) \_\_\_\_\_\_ this choice is that it is the language of the Malays who are the natives of Malaysia.

The government of Malaysia takes pride in promoting this language among all the races in Malaysia. The Chinese, The Indians and other non- Malay communities have accepted the decision of the government. It is the (15) \_\_\_\_\_ language of the country. In Malaysia, the national language is (16)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Bahasa Malaysia. It is the language of (17) \_\_\_\_\_\_in schools. Since the introduction of Malay in schools, it has become the most (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_used language in Malaysia.

13. a. independence b. independ c. dependent d. independent

14. a. at b. in c. since d. for

15. a. office b. official c. officer d. officially

16. a. called b. calling c. to call d. call

17. a. instruction b. instruct c. instructive d. instructively

18. a. wide b. widen c. widely d. widening

Chú ý: Thí sinh **chỉ ghi** mẫu tự A,B,C, hoặc D vào ô trả lời

 **Answers:**

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V. *Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.0 pt)***

Jeans are the most popular kind of clothing in the world. They are popular almost everywhere, in Japan, France, Indonesia and Brazil. Rich people and poor people wear them. Young people and even some old people wear them, too. In the United States, they are the only kind of traditional clothes. In other countries, young people wear them because they want to look modern. Jeans are sign of youth and independence. Everyone wants to be modern, young and independent.

19.Jeans can’t be seen in Asia.

20.Only poor people wear jeans.

21.Jeans are traditional clothes in USA.

22.Jeans are the symbol of youth and independence

**Thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời**

 **Answers:** 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. *Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt*)**

23.Winning the game is sometimes not so important as \_\_\_ in it. (participate)

24.His \_\_\_\_\_ attitude toward the teachers deserves punishment. (respect)

25.He accepted the offer \_\_\_\_\_. He didn’t want the job very much. (volunteer)

26.He is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ scientist although he is still young. (know)

27.She is always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and polite in front of the elders. (dress)

28.The British government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the railways in the 1948. (nation)

**Answers**: 23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. *Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)***

29.This is the first time he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a car. (drive) HAS DRIVEN

30.Smoking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here. (not allow) IS NOT ALLOWED

31.Your book should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ greatcare of. (take) BE TAKEN

32.We decided \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a cup of coffee. (have) TO HAVE

 **Answers:** 29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.*Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.( 2.0 pts)***

33.Ba and Nam can’t join in the sightseeing tour.

🡪Ba and Nam wish\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

34.These students have already done the homework

🡪The homework\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

35.When was the last time you watched an action movie?

🡪 When did\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

36.I have difficulty in learning English grammar.

🡪 It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PRACTICE TEST 9**

***I.Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase: (1.0 pt)***

1.Tim and Carlo will go to a ………………… downtown.

2.Carlo really likes walking in the ……………… .

3.The park keeper is ……….. some more grass.

4.The boys will catch the bus….. .

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1.A. bus stop2.A. pond3.A. doing4.A. 130 | B. restaurantB. bus stop B. catching**B. 103** | C. parkC. bus**C. growing**C. 301 | D. hamburger**D. park**D. eatingD. 310  |  |

**Answers:** 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. *Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (1.5 pts)***

5.The United States has a \_\_\_\_\_ of around 250 million

A. population B. separation C. addition D. introduction

6.Maryam wanted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lan to visit Kuala Lumpur next summer.

A. invite B. to invite C. invited D. inviting

7.Is Ha Noi different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tokyo?

A. to B. from C. of D. between

8.It seems difficult for me to have a trip\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at present.

A. abroad B. outside C. above D. inside

9.Some designers have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the ‘aodai’ by printing lines of poetry on it.

A. introduced B. modernized C. made D. increased

10.“Homer is in the jail for smoking marijuana” - “He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that it was against the law.

A. is telling B. was told C. told D. tells

**Answers:**

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. *Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)***

1. The letter didn’t haveenough postage, so it had returned to the sender.

 A B C D

1. She has been seriously sick since two months already.

 A B C D

**Answers**: 11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. *Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.(1.5pts)***

During World War I many women (13)\_\_\_\_\_\_ jobs and their clothes needed to be more (14)\_\_\_\_\_. They began wearing shorter skirts and bared legs. Soon they began wearing trousers and had short hair. Men’s suit became looser and was (15)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with a long tie.

During the 1960s women wore miniskirts (16)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Jeans as well as T–shirts became popular with (17)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sexes. Women’s shoes appeared in many colors and styles, including sandals and high-heeled shoes. Since then, fashions have continued to change (18)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and young people, especially, are quick to wear the latest styles.

13.A. had B. earned C. bought D. did

14.A. inconvenient B. convenient C. unfashionable D. colorless

15.A. hung B. got C. worn D. put

16.A. and B. but C. although D. so

17.A. these B. neither C. either D. both

 18.A. rapidly B. slowly C. hard D. already

Chú ý: Thí sinh **chỉ ghi** mẫu tự A,B,C, hoặc D vào ô trả lời

**Answers:**

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 **V. *Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.0 pt)***

Canada is the world’s second largest country. Its population is not very large. However, about 25 million people live in Canada less than half the population of Britain or France and only one thirtieth of the population of India. Canada is in North America and its capital is Ottawa. It is a rich country with a lot of natural resources. In Southern Canada, the land is very good for farming and Canada exports a lot of wheat. In the north, there are magnificent forests. In the west, there are some very high mountains called the Rockies. Canada also has many minerals such as petroleum, gas, copper and zinc. Canada was first settled by French pioneers. In the eighteenth century there were wars between Britain and France, and Canada came under British rule. Since 1931 Canada has been an independent member of the British Commonwealth. English and French are both official languages in Canada.

1. Canada is a densely populated country. **False**
2. The French were the first settlers in Canada. **True**
3. Both French and English are spoken in Canada. **True**
4. Canada is one of the British colonies. **False**

**Thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời**

 **Answers:** 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. *Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt*)**

1. You should put \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the local newspapersto sell your cars. (advertise)
2. Now that she has got a job, Lan is\_\_\_\_\_\_of her parents.(depend)
3. She can’t apply for this job because she is very young and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (experience)
4. I can complete a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_English test if necessary. (speak)
5. You should visit Sapa. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there is magnificent (scene)

 28.They \_\_\_\_\_\_gathered their things and ran to the bus stop. (hurry)

Answers: 23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. *Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)***

29.If John is here now, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me with the work (help)

30.The city \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a lot for the last ten years. (change)

31.Everyone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_him because he is willing to help others.(love)

32.At that time, two boys who \_\_\_\_ to a test site stopped and took the injured woman to the nearest hospital (go)

 **Answers:** 29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.*Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.( 2.0 pts)***

33.I’d like Tom to drive more slowly.

I wish ……………………………………………….

34. My father started working in this factory over ten years ago.

My father has ………………………………………………

35.He was often taken to the cinema on weekends.

He used …………………………………………………..

36. Nobody has used this room for ages .

This …………………………………………………………..

**PRACTICE TEST 10**

***I.Listen and choose the most appropriate word or phrase: (1.0 pt)***

1. The lost child is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years old.

2. She is wearing a short sleeved \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. She may be carrying a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doll .

4. Her father is waiting for her at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the car fair.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1.A. two2.A. shirt3.A. large4.A. hair | B. threeB. skirtB. smallB. information | C. fourC. shoeC. prettyC. entrance | D. fiveD. blouseD. bigD. lake |  |

**Answers:**1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. *Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (1.5 pts)***

5. What is your ……………..of the film you have watched recently ?

 a. addition b. correspondence c. impression d. atmosphere

6. You can take part in sport activities or not , that depends on you .It’s………………

 a. optional b. forceful c. compulsory d. required

7. Many designers have …………….the ao dai by printing the lines of poetry on it.

 a. made b. had c. modernized d. sent

8. It is ……………..to call anyone at midnight.

 a. convenient b. inconvenient c. happy d. unhappy

9. Bahasa Malaysia is ……………known as Malay.

 a. quickly b. simply c. well d. famously

10 .She named her daughter ……………her grandmother.

a. by b. for c. to d. after

**Answers:**

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. *Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.5 pt)***

11.Jane has left school since a year but she has not found a job yet.

 A B C D

12. They made jean cloth completely by cotton in the eighteenth century.

A B C D

**Answers**: 11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV. *Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5pts)***

English is a very useful language. If we ( 13) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English, we can go to any countries we like. We will not find it hard to (14)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people understand ( 15) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we want to say. English also helps us to learn all kinds of (16) \_\_\_\_\_\_ . Hundreds of books are written (17) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English every day in many countries. English has also helped to spread ideas and knowledge in all corners of the world. Therefore, the English language has helped to spread better understanding and friendship (18)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ countries of the world.

13. a. know b. like c. write d. hear

 14. a. do b. make c. have d. cause.

 15. a. why b. what c. how d. which

16.a. subjects b. difficulties c. lessons d. languages

17.a. of b. from c. in d. by

18.a. between b. among c. either d. both

Chú ý: Thí sinh **chỉ ghi** mẫu tự A,B,C, hoặc D vào ô trả lời

 **Answers:**

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V. *Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.0 pt)***

Every year people in many countries learn English. Some of them are children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school, others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language in films, on TV, in the office or among their friends. Most people work hard to learn English

Why do all these people learn English? It’s not too difficult to answer this question. Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies because some of their books are in English at the college or university. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English

19.According to the writer, English is learnt by some of the children

20.Most people learn English by hearing it in movies, on TV.

21.Other people learn English in order to write newspapers and magazines in English .

 22.Many adults learn English because they need it for their job.

**Thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời**

 **Answers:** 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VI. *Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence . (1.5 pt*)**

23. She is very sad because she is …………….in this cold and strange place .( friend)

24. Housework has ………………been considered as women’s work.( tradition)ALLY

25. Many designers took ………………..from Vietnam’s ethnic minorities.(inspire) INSPIRATION

26. He is old enough to be …………………..of his parents .(depend ) INDEPENDENTLY

27. You should spend your money ……………………(economy) ECONOMICALLY

28. Buddhism is one of the large …………………in the world .(religious) RELIGIONS

Answers: 23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII. *Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in each sentences. (1.0 pt)***

29. Wearing uniform makes students (feel)……………….equal in many ways.

30. She stopped ………………….some food on the way home .(buy)

31. I ………………to her party last night .(invite)

32. They (never, go)…………….to the zoo when they lived in the city.

 **Answers:** 29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.*Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.( 2.0 pts)***

33. It’s so hot. You want to be in the swimming pool.

 I wish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

34. Some fashion designers have printed lines of poetry on the Ao Dai.

 Lines of poetry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

35. Ba is very late now. He might miss the train.

 If Ba doesn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

36. “How many languages can you speak, Lan?”.

 I asked Lan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_